

UNDERSTANDING THE REVENUE CYCLE

UNDER PDGM



SPEAKERS

David Hoover

Vice President Revenue Cycle Management



Jennifer Gibson Osburn RN, HCS-D, ICD-10-CM, COS-C Senior Clinical Consultant

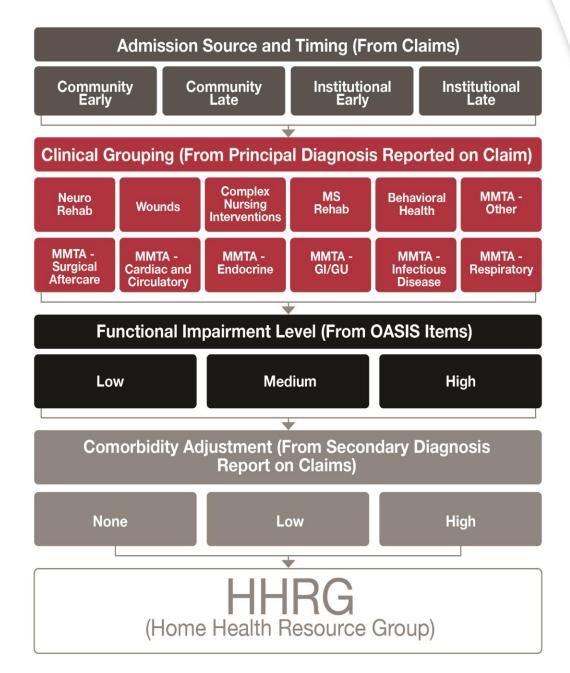


Objectives



- Understand the how PDGM will impact revenue cycles for agencies
- Understand CMS processing for claims
- Discuss potential technology solutions to streamline operations

HHRG Calculation









For episodes (SOC or Recertifications) that begin 01/01/2020 or after:

- 60-day episodes remain intact
- Unit of payment changes to 30-day periods
- Two 30-day payment periods within each 60-day episode
- Each 30-day payment period will require a RAP and a Final Claim





- Fiscal Intermediaries will not begin to process any claims till January 6.
- Medicare Advantage plans are not required to use PDGM methodology.
- Early timing will only qualify in the first billing period.
- Admission source will be determined by acute and post-acute discharges
- Medicare can make adjustments on final up to a year.
- Any SOC performed after 1/1/2020 will pay using PDGM.
- Any Finals on episodes with SOC prior to 1/1/2020 will pay using HH PPS.
- Recertifications last 5 days of December with episode start dates of 1-1-20 or after will pay
 PDGM must use OASIS D1 (M90 date must be 1/1/2020)

Dates To Remember



• January 1, 2019 Any agency certified on or after will not be paid a RAP

in 2020.

October 31, 2019 Finalized rule.

• **December 27, 2019** All recertifications for certification periods beginning 1/1/20 or after must use a 1/1/2020 date in M0090.

January 1, 2020 PDGM begins.

January 1, 2020 Implementation of OASIS D-1.

January 6, 2020 CMS begins to process PDGM claims.

January 1, 2021 RAP's only used for notice of admission.

January 1, 2022 RAP's replaced by NOA's.

2020 January						
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

PDGM and RAPs



- Agencies certified on or after January 1, 2019 will submit RAP's every 30 days, but will receive no RAP payment
- Agencies certified before January 1, 2019 will continue to submit RAP's and receive a split payment
- RAP payment decreases to 20% under PDGM
 - Rather than the usual 50-60%





- 2020 Final Rule finalizes plan to eliminate RAP payment in 2021 and use Notice of Admission (NOA) in 2022
- In 2021 all RAPs would pay 0% but serve NOA purpose
 - RAP must be filed within 5 days of SOC
 - Late penalty will equal 1/30th of payment for each late day
- In 2022 NOA must be filed within 5 days
 - Late penalty will apply





Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
				SOC		
	SN	RAP Deadline		SN	RAP Sent	
	SN			PT		
		SN				
			SN		EOBP	

- SOC counts as day 0
- RAP must be sent by day 5
- 30-day payment projected \$2300
- RAP send day 8
- Penalty is assessed for first 7 days
- 1/30 of \$2300 = \$76.67 x 7 = \$536.67
 penalty

Claims Management Considerations



- Two sets of Requests for Anticipated Payments (RAP's)
- Two sets of Final claims
- Eligibility verification prior to claim submissions
- Rejections
 - Duplicate claims
 - Overlapping services
 - Coordination of Benefits
 - Eligibility issues
- Return to Provider (RTP's)
- Additional Documentation Required (ADR's)
- Postings and Adjustments
- Secondary Filings



More than just pushing a button twice!

Episodic Claim Requirements



RAP's

(Request for Anticipated Payment)

- OASIS completed, locked, or export ready
- Verbal orders from MD received and documented
- Plan of Care created and sent to MD
- First visit completed
- 2nd Billing period should only require 1st visit

Final Claims

- OASIS entered into QIES system within 30 days of assessment completed (M0090) date
- Face-to-Face and certification statement completed
- All physician orders signed
- Visits completed and posted
- RAP processed

Filing Timing



HH PPS

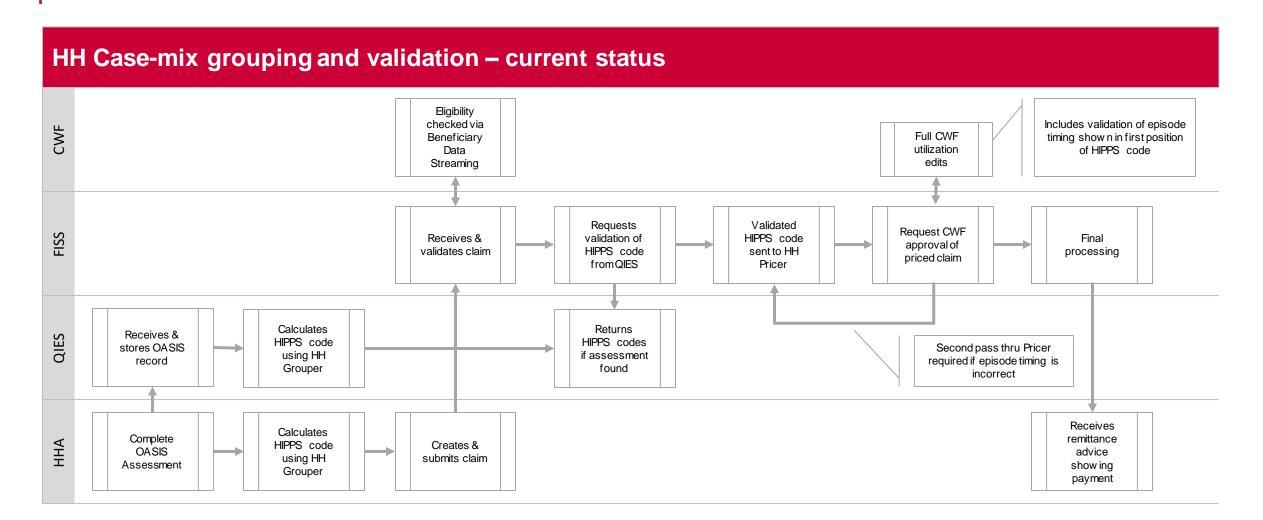
- OASIS must be submitted to QIES 30 days from assessment date (M0090 date)
- Final must be submitted 60 days after end of episode or 60 days after RAP payment date which ever is greater
- RAP will cancel is above is not met
- Finals can be billed one (1) year from episode end date

PDGM

- OASIS must be submitted to iQIES 30 days from assessment date (M0090)
- Final must be submitted 60 days after end of billing period or 60 days after RAP payment date which ever is greater
- RAP will cancel is above is not met
- Finals can be billed one (1) year from billing period end date

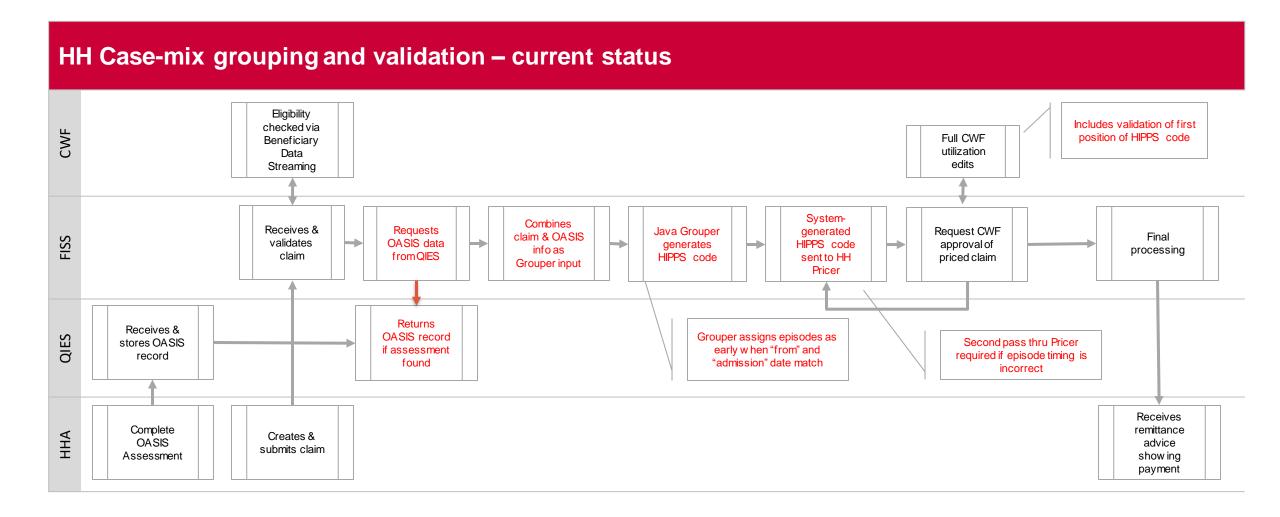
PPS Revenue Cycle





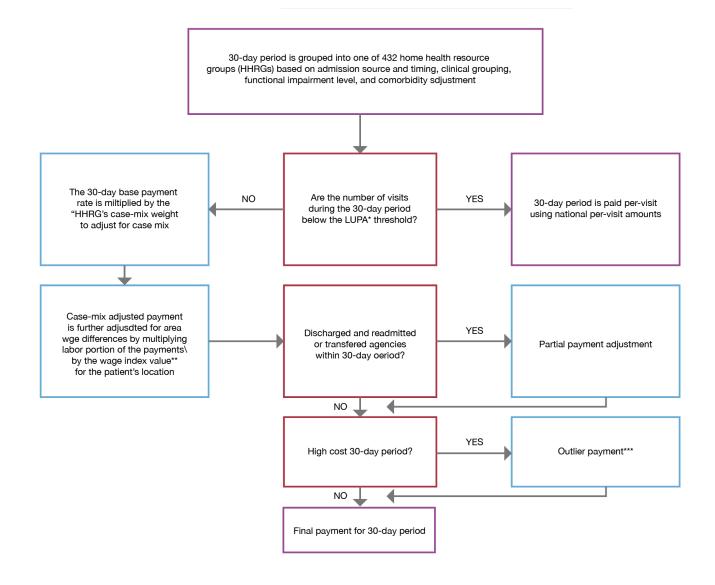
PDGM Revenue Cycle







PDGM: Payment and Adjustments



Payment Adjustments



- LUPAs, PEPs and Outliers will continue in PDGM
 - Will be calculated on a 30-day payment period rather than 60-day episode
- LUPA (Low-utilization Payment Adjustment)
 - Thresholds of 2-6 visits per 30-day period
 - Applies up to, not at the threshold
 - Different level for each of the 432 Case-Mix Groupings
 - LUPA add-on applies only to SOC 30-day periods with total number of visits at or below the LUPA threshold

Payment Adjustments



- LUPAs, PEPs and Outliers will continue in PDGM
 - Will be calculated on a 30-day payment period rather than 60-day episode
- PEP
 - Applies when the Beneficiary elects transfer to another agency, discharges and readmits to your agency or another agency, or changes from Traditional Medicare to a Medicare Advantage plan within the 30-day period

PEP Example



2020 JANUARY						
SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
			<u>'</u>	-	3	
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	
						© BlankCalendarPages.com

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	DC	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29

SOC (PEP)



PDGM Payment Adjustments

- Outliers apply to high-cost 30-day payment periods
- Based on cost-per-unit approach
 - Number of visits plus time in home during visits (15-minute units reported on the claim)
- The fixed-dollar loss and the loss-sharing ratio are used to calculate whether the 30-day period is an outlier
- Final Rule states PDGM FDL will be 0.56



SCIC (Other Follow Up)

- When a patient has unanticipated change in condition
- Other Follow Up (RFA -5) OASIS is completed
- If SCIC is completed in first 30-day period, it could impact final claim(s)
- Functional from OASIS
- Change in coding → claim
- OASIS must be on file (exported) before final



Resolved Conditions

- When a patient has resolved primary condition or new primary diagnosis for second 30-day period
- No OASIS is completed
- Change in coding → claim
- Process to communicate this clinically and for billing
- Axxess has "Change of Focus" form
 - When completed, diagnoses flow automatically to claim



Technology Solutions

RAP's (Request for Anticipated Payment)

- No payment RAP's should record \$0 to ensure accurate accounts receivable
- Dashboard tracking of OASIS and Plan of Care status
- Real-time OASIS Validation
- Mobile Technology for speed and accuracy
- Interoperability for referral sources and contract therapies
- Physicians portal for transmitting Plan of Care
- Ability to pull sections of the OASIS for physician's review for certification and inclusion in the medical record





Final Claims

- QEC identification
- PECOS verification during intake
- Physician portal for signed orders
- Full visualization and processing of claims in one single location
- Eligibility verification
 - Intake
 - Throughout episode if payers change
 - On demand
- Dashboard tracking of billing requirements
 - RAP submission
 - Completion of all orders
 - Completion of all visits
 - OASIS submission



Send questions to pdgmquestions@axxess.com



Axxess PDGM educational resources axxess.com/pdgm